

### How Does Cambistat Help Increase Disease Resistance?

### Changes in Leaf Structure –

Cambistat is known to cause notable changes in the leaves including a thicker waxy layer and denser leaf hairs. These changes can result in a leaf that is more difficult for fungal spores to penetrate thus reducing the chance of infection.

### Increased Fibrous Roots –

An increase in fibrous roots means more surface area for the tree to take up resources it needs to grow. This is also beneficial in taking up more water to be stored in times of drought. A more established root system has been shown to greatly benefit trees and reduce the strain of urban stress.



Norway maple with Tar Spot of Maple disease

#### Increased Drought Resistance –

In addition to the drought tolerance benefits provided by thicker leaves and an increase in fibrous roots, Cambistat helps trees by increasing the amount of abcisic acid they produce. Abcisic acid is used by the leaves to open and close their stomates in response to dry conditions.

### Increased Defense Compounds –

Reducing growth causes the tree to spend energy on other functions, such as defensive compounds. More defense compounds will help the tree to fend off invaders better than before. When a tree is healthier to start with, it is better able to stand on its own and thrive.



## **Slower Growing Trees**

A common myth about trees is that a faster growing tree is healthier than a slower growing tree. The truth is that slower growing trees will outlive trees that grow faster, especially in situations such as yards where space and resources are limited. The chart below shows some important differences between a tree growing relatively faster or slower.

**Cambistat Treated Tree** 

# one year one year treated untreated growth growth

### **Slower Growth is Beneficial**

Tree Characteristic	Tree Growth Rate Comparison	
	Faster Growth	Slower Growth
Resource Demand	Higher	Lower
Sensitivity to Resource Availability	Higher	Lower
Stored Energy Reserves	Lower	Higher
Root : Shoot Ratio	Lower	Higher
Sensitivity to Stress or Damage	More Sensitive	Less Sensitive
Overall Tree Durablity	Less Durable	More Durable

### **An Integrated Approach**

When caring for urban trees it is important to make a thorough evaluation of the site to accurately diagnose all stressing agents and tailor your recommendation to the specific circumstances. These must be dealt with so that your tree can live to its fullest potential. Utilize your arborist for a comprehensive maintenance program.

### **Benefits of Cambistat** for Urban Trees

Cambistat is a soil applied product that is absorbed through the roots. Cambistat gently slows the growth of trees, allowing the tree to redirect some of its energy from canopy growth to defense chemicals, fibrous root production, and other uses. The resulting reallocation of energy makes your tree healthier and more durable.

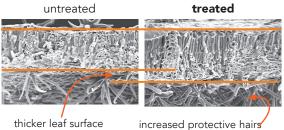
Drought is a major cause of tree death and decline in the urban landscape. Research shows Cambistat increases drought resistance by helping the tree reduce water loss during dry, hot periods.



untreated

3 years after treatment

Cambistat changes some important physical traits of leaves. Leaves of treated trees tend to be greener (higher concentrations of chlorophyll) than untreated and have an enhanced protective barrier (thicker leaf surface and denser surface hairs).



thicker leaf surface

Research has shown Cambistat increases fine root density in trees



untreated



3 years after treatment



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